CHM151 Quiz 9a 25 Pts Spring 2013 Name: ____

****You must provide a short explanation to justify each answer**** Due Wed. April 17th*** 1. Which of the following is the Lewis dot structure for one formula unit of magnesium oxide?

$$\begin{bmatrix} Mg \end{bmatrix}^{2+} \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}^{2-} & Mg - \vdots \\ B \end{pmatrix} Mg - \vdots \\ B \end{pmatrix}^{-} \begin{bmatrix} Mg \end{bmatrix}^{+} \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ B \end{pmatrix}^{-} & Mg \end{bmatrix}^{2+} \begin{bmatrix} O \end{bmatrix}^{2-} \\ B \end{pmatrix}^{-} \begin{bmatrix} Mg \end{bmatrix}^{2+} \begin{bmatrix} O \end{bmatrix}^{2-} \\ B \end{pmatrix}^{-} = \begin{bmatrix} Mg \end{bmatrix}^{+} \begin{bmatrix} O \end{bmatrix}^{-}$$

- 2. An atom of which of the following elements has the smallest atomic radius?
 - A) Pb B) Po C) At D) Cs E) Bi
- 3. An atom of which of the following elements has the highest fourth ionization energy?
 - A) Al B) Ga C) Se D) As E) Si
- 4. Rank the following ions in order of decreasing ionic radius: S²⁻, O²⁻, F⁻, Na⁺, Mg²⁺.
 A) S²⁻, O²⁻, F⁻, Na⁺, Mg²⁺
 B) O²⁻, F⁻, Na⁺, Mg²⁺, S²⁻
 C) Mg²⁺, Na⁺, F⁻, O²⁻, S²⁻
 D) Mg²⁺, S²⁻, Na⁺, F⁻, O²⁻, S²⁻, F⁻, Na⁺, Mg²⁺
- 5. Which of the following compounds would be expected to have the highest melting point?

A) LiF B) LiCl C) CsF D) NaBr E) CsI

- 6. Which of the following statements is true?
 - A) The krypton 1s orbital is smaller than the helium 1s orbital because krypton's nuclear charge draws the electrons closer.
 - B) The krypton 1s orbital is larger than the helium 1s orbital because krypton contains more electrons.
 - C) The krypton 1s orbital is smaller than the helium 1s orbital because krypton's p and d orbitals crowd the s orbitals.
 - D) The krypton 1s orbital and the helium 1s orbital are the same size because both s orbitals can have only two electrons.
 - E) The krypton 1s orbital is larger than the helium 1s orbital because krypton's ionization energy is lower so it's easier to remove electrons.

7. From a consideration of the Lewis structure of the thiocyanate ion, SCN⁻, in which carbon has a double bond with both the sulfur and nitrogen atoms, the formal charges on the sulfur, carbon, and nitrogen atoms are, respectively,

A)
$$-1, 0, 0.$$
 B) $0, 0, -1.$ C) $-1, +1, -1.$

D) -2, +1, 0. E) -2, 0, +1.

8. Using bond-energy data, what is ΔH° for the following reaction? CH₄(g) + 2Br₂(g) \rightarrow CBr₄(g) + 2H₂(g)

Bond Bond Energy (kJ/mol)

C-H 411 H-H 432 Br-Br 190 C-Br 285 A) 20 kJ B) -20 kJ C) -262 kJ D) 262 kJ E) 1318 kJ

- 9. In general, atomic radii
 - A) decrease from left to right in a period and increase down a group.
 - B) increase from left to right in a period and decrease down a group.
 - C) increase from left to right in a period and increase down a group.
 - D) decrease from left to right and decrease down a group.
 - E) do not change across a period or a group.

10. An atom of which of the following elements has the smallest ionization energy? A) Pb B) Cs C) At D) Bi E) Po

- 11. In which pair do both compounds exhibit predominantly ionic bonding?
 - A) PCl₅ and HF B) Na_2SO_3 and BH₃ C) KI and O_3
 - D) NaF and H_2O E) RbCl and CaO

12. Calculate the number of valence electrons for the phosphate ion and draw its Lewis structure.